

POLITICAL SCIENCE IV SYLLABUS

AtArani Law Academy

Paper 1 Political Science IV

- 1. Beginning of Representative Institutions:
 - a. The Government of India Act, 1858.
 - b. The Indian Council Act,1861: Commencement of the Legislative Devolution System.

2. Growth of Representative Institutions and, Legislatures in India:

- a. The Indian Council Act 1892: Liberalisation of Parliamentary System.
- b. National Demand for Constitutional Reforms.
- c. The Indian Council Act, 1909: Inauguration of Communalism in India Politics.

3. Beginning of Responsible Government:

- a. The Government of India Act, 1919.
- b. Classification of Central and Provincial Subjects:
 - Inauguration of trends towards Federalism.
 - ii. Responsive Autocrat at the Centre.
 - iii. Introduction of Bi Cameralism.
 - iv. Provincial Legislature.
 - v. Trend towards Democratisation of Dyarchy.

4. Towards Parliamentarism :

- a. Demand for full Responsible Government in Assembly.
- b. A Profile of Swaraj Constitution.
- c. Jinnah's Fourteen Points.
- d. Statutory Commission Simon Commission.
- e. Round Table.









- 5. The Government of India Act, 1935:
- a. Proposed all India Federation
- b. Dyarchy at the Centre.
- c. Federal Legislature.
- d. Provincial Legislature.
- e. Provincial Autonomy
- 6. The Indian Independence Act, 1947
- 7. Indian Constitution:
 - a. Salient Features
 - b. Election Commission: Electoral Process.
 - c. Local Self Governance: Panchayat Raj System, Nagar Palika System, and Municipal Governance with special Reference to West Bengal.











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